OPE ID: 04117400

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AUGUST 31, 2023

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AUGUST 31, 2023

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PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING. CONSULTING & BUSINESS ADVISORY SERVICES

To the Shareholder Milwaukee Career College, Inc. Milwaukee, Wisconsin

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Milwaukee Career College, Inc., which comprise the balance sheet as of August 31, 2023, and the related statements of income, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Milwaukee Career College, Inc. as of August 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Milwaukee Career College, Inc., and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Milwaukee Career College, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

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To the Shareholder Milwaukee Career College, Inc. Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Milwaukee Career College, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Milwaukee Career College, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The Financial Responsibility Supplemental Schedule, as required by 34 C.F.R. Section 668.172 and 34 C.F.R. Appendix A to Subpart L of Part 668, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 23, 2024 on our consideration of Milwaukee Career College, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Milwaukee Career College, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Milwaukee Career College, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Case | Sabatini

Certified Public Accountants Pittsburgh, PA January 23, 2024

BALANCE SHEET

ASSETS

	A	August 31, 2023
Current Assets	(
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	305,617
Student accounts and notes receivable,		
current portion less allowance of \$191,550		445,994
Prepaid expenses		24,145
Inventory	S-	7,992
Total Current Assets		783,748
Equipment and Improvements		
Computer equipment and software		460,484
Office furniture and equipment		466,467
Leasehold improvements	50	582,994
):	1,509,945
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	8	(1,415,230)
Net Property and Equipment		94,715
Other Assets		
Operating lease right-of-use asset		1,196,729
Student notes receivable, net of current portion and allowance of \$86,450	ē .	126,064
Total Assets	\$	2,201,256

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

	A	August 31, 2023
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	313,442
Deferred tuition		197,007
Current portion of notes payable		24,384
Operating lease liabilities, current portion		498,648
Total Current Liabilities		1,033,481
Long Term Liabilities		
Notes payable, net of current portion		40,975
Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion		840,020
Total Long Term Liabilities		880,995
Total Liabilities		1,914,476
Shareholder's Equity		
Common stock (\$1 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized;		
and 7,024,708 shares issued and outstanding)		7,124,708
Additional paid-in capital		5,353,775
Retained deficit		(12,091,703)
Less: treasury stock at cost (100,000 shares)		(100,000)
Total Shareholder's Equity	(286,780
Total Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity	\$	2,201,256

STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED

	August 31, 2023
Tuition and fees revenue	\$ 1,859,022
Total Operating Revenue	1,859,022
Operating Expenses	
Education	965,290
Administrative support	674,114
Admissions	221,395
Occupancy	839,540
Total Operating Expenses	2,700,339
Operating Loss	(841,317)
Other Income (Expense)	
Depreciation and amortization	(19,633)
Interest	(23,483)
Miscellaneous revenue	4,282
Net Other Income (Expense)	(38,834)
Net Loss Before Income Taxes	(880,151)
Income tax benefit	
Net Loss	\$ (880,151)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	 Common Stock	dditional Paid-In Capital	Retained Deficit	Tre	Less asury Stock, at Cost	Sh	Total areholder's Equity
Balance at September 1, 2022	\$ 7,124,708	\$ 4,314,292	\$ (11,211,552)	\$	(100,000)	\$	127,448
Additional Paid-In Capital Contributions		1,039,483					1,039,483
Net loss	 - IĀ.	 	 (880,151)				(880,151)
Balance at August 31, 2023	\$ 7,124,708	\$ 5,353,775	\$ (12,091,703)	\$	(100,000)	_\$	286,780

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

	A	August 31, 2023
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Net loss Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	\$	(880,151)
Depreciation and amortization Decrease (increase) in:		19,633
Student accounts receivable Student notes receivable Operating lease right-of-use assets		5,386 1,796 (1,196,729)
Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred tuition Operating lease liabilities Deferred rent liability Total Net Operating Adjustments		(29,153) 66,017 1,338,668 (154,769) 50,849
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		(829,302)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Purchase of Equipment and Improvements Not Cook Used in Investing Activities	-	(13,694)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities Cash Flows from Financing Activities Equity investment from shareholder Reduction in restricted cash - net HEERF disbursements Principal repayments of notes payable		(13,694) 1,039,483 (183) (95,791)
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities		943,509
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		100,513
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of year		205,104
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash at End of Year	\$	305,617
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information: Cash paid during the year for interest		23,483

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Milwaukee Career College, Inc. (the Company, or the Institute)) was founded in 2002 and provides allied health and veterinary assistant vocational training at its school located near Milwaukee, Wisconsin. The Company is accredited by the Accrediting Bureau of Health Education Schools (ABHES) and is certified by the U.S. Department of Education for participation in Federal Title IV Student Financial Assistance Programs. The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Fukuda Gakuen USA, Inc., which is also incorporated under the laws of the State of Wisconsin. Fukuda Gakuen USA, Inc. has no operations of its own.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles which are generally accepted in the United States of America (otherwise known as Generally Accepted Accounting Principles or GAAP). The Institute has presented these financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in the bank, money market accounts, and all investments with an original maturity of ninety days or less.

Student Accounts and Notes Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Student receivables are recorded at the amounts originally billed, less payments received, and are recorded net of unearned tuition liability. Students sign non-interest-bearing installment notes, which range from one to in excess of thirty-six months, for the amount of tuition and fees not covered by financial aid, outside agencies or other funding sources. Management has estimated an allowance for doubtful accounts based upon historical losses and the sum of the collection risks associated with each student's uncollected balance at year-end. Balances owed by students who have failed to make payments in accordance with their note terms are written off after further collection efforts prove to be unsuccessful.

Inventory

Inventory is carried at the lower of cost, determined by first-in, first-out (FIFO) method of accounting, or market.

Equipment and Improvements

Equipment and leasehold improvements are recorded on the basis of cost. Expenditures for renewals and betterments which extend the life of the assets are capitalized. Repairs and maintenance items are charged to expense as incurred.

In accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 360, *Property Plant and Equipment*, long-lived assets held and used are evaluated for possible impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that impairment may have occurred. If such events or changes in circumstances are present and the asset's carrying value exceeds the estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by that asset, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent the asset's carrying value exceeds fair value. No impairment losses have been recorded as of August 31, 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONTINUED)

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation of furniture and equipment and amortization of leasehold improvements is computed using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the assets and the length of the lease.

Leases

The Institute determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases with an initial term longer than 12 months are included in right-of-use ("ROU") asset and lease liabilities on the Institute's balance sheet, as either operating or finance leases. The Institute has elected to account for lease agreements with lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

ROU lease assets represent the Institute's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, and lease liabilities represent the Institute's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. ROU lease assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of the lease payments over the lease term. As the implicit interest rate for the Institute's operating leases cannot be readily determined, the Institute uses its incremental borrowing rate based on information available at the commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The operating ROU lease asset also include any lease payments made prior to commencement and excludes lease incentives and initial direct costs incurred. Any renewal options which were reasonably certain of being exercised are included in the lease term, and are used in calculating the operating lease ROU assets and lease liabilities. The Institute recognizes lease expense for operating leases on a straight-line basis over the expected term of the lease.

Leases with a term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the balance sheet and are recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Student Revenue Recognition and Unearned Tuition Liability

Revenue from student tuition is deferred at the time of invoicing and is recognized ratably over the length of the academic program, taking into consideration estimated institutional scholarships and tuition adjustments due to withdrawals. Tuition adjustments for students who withdraw are calculated in accordance with state and accrediting agency standards. Revenue from textbook and student toolkit sales are recognized at the time of the sale, as that is when the student obtains control of those academic supplies.

Tuition and related fees which have been invoiced but for which classroom, clinic and externship instruction has not yet been provided are recognized as unearned tuition liability after netting the amount of related tuition billings less receipts. Payments received from or on behalf of students prior to enrollment are also recorded as a liability. These liabilities increase when students are billed or payments are received, and these liabilities decrease as instruction is delivered to students.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred and are reported in the accompanying statement of income. Total advertising expense for the year ended August 31, 2023 was approximately \$81,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONTINUED)

Financial Instruments Fair Value Measurements

FASB Codification ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements, establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques which are used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under FASB Codification ASC 820 are described as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Company has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology include;

- quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- quoted prices for identical similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and
- inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting for Credit Losses

In November 2019, FASB issued ASU 2019-10 Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326), which deferred the effective date for ASU 2016-13 Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instrument. ASU 2016-13 was published to apply a "current expected credit loss" concept to the recognition of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts for student Accounts Receivable and Notes Receivable, in addition to other types of financial instruments. The amended effective date for ASU 2016-13 is for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. The Company is currently assessing the provisions of Topic 326 and the impact that it will have on its financial statements.

Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the Company has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through January 23, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 3 – CONCENTRATION AND CREDIT RISKS

The Company, at times, has cash deposits which exceed \$250,000 in various accounts at one bank. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insures only the first \$250,000 of funds at U.S. member banks. At times, the Company has foreign currency deposits in Sumitomo Mitsui Bank in Japan. Although Sumitomo Mitsui Bank is a member of the Deposit Insurance Corporation of Japan, which insures Japanese bank deposits, foreign currency deposits are exempt from Deposit Insurance Corporation of Japan coverage.

The Company draws students primarily from the local area identified in Note 1. Many of the Company's students are eligible for federal government loan and grant programs which are administered by the Company, but which are disbursed to the students or directly to the Company on behalf of the student. These receivables, as well as unfunded amounts due from the students, are unsecured.

NOTE 4 – LIQUIDITY AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In response to recent losses, management has taken action in a variety of ways to ensure that the Institution maintains adequate liquidity and financial resources. These actions include the following:

The Institution's Parent company demonstrated its confidence in the Institution by investing \$1,039,483 of equity in the Company during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, and an additional \$264,285 during November 2023.

The Institution's President demonstrated his confidence in the Institution by personally guaranteeing the notes payable which are more fully described in Note 8.

On February 17, 2021, the Institution's Parent company executed an agreement pledging to provide up to \$7 million of debt or equity funding to the Institution if needed; the Parent company renewed this pledge on February 1, 2024. The Parent company held cash and marketable securities balances approximating \$9.3 million at December 31, 2023.

NOTE 5 – REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 606 Revenue from Contracts with Customers accounting standard creates a five-step model for determining when it is appropriate to recognize revenue:

- 1) Identify the terms of the contract, which involves students enrolled in accredited post-secondary academic programs for the majority of the Company's revenues.
- 2) Identify the various performance obligations of the contract. The Institute's enrollment agreement contracts with students consist of two performance obligations delivery of textbooks and other student supplies, and delivery of classroom, clinic and externship academic instruction.
- 3) Determining the transaction price of each type of performance obligation, giving appropriate effect to variable reductions in the amount of consideration expected to be received, such as institutional scholarships and tuition adjustments due to withdrawals.
- 4) Allocating the transaction price among the separate performance obligations.
- 5) Identifying when each performance obligation has been satisfied by the Institute, which determines when the Company recognizes revenue.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 5 - REVENUE RECOGNITION - (CONTINUED)

The Institute's primary source of revenue arises from enrollment contracts with students. These enrollment contracts give rise to two separate performance obligations, 1) the sale of textbooks and other academic supplies whose revenue is recognized at the distinct "point-in-time" at which they are delivered, and 2) academic instruction which is recognized ratably during the extended "period-of-time" over which instruction is delivered. A secondary source of revenue may arise from providing clinic services to the public in one or more of the academic fields of instruction which are provided to students. Clinic revenues, if provided, are recognized at the distinct "point-in-time" at which they are delivered to the public. The table shown below identifies the Company's revenues for the period presented in the accompanying Statement of Income, disaggregated into their "period-of-time" and "point-in-time" components.

Revenue Recognized Over a Period of Time:

Tuition, supplies and fees \$ 1,799,205

Revenue Recognized At a Point in Time:

Textbooks and other academic supplies 59,817

Total Tuition and Fees Revenue \$ 1,859,022

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLAN

The Company sponsors a 401(k) retirement savings plan for all eligible employees as defined by the Plan. The employees may contribute up to the lesser of 100% of their compensation or the maximum dollar amount allowable annually under Internal Revenue Code limits. The Company, at its option, may also make discretionary contributions to the Plan on behalf of its participants. For the year ended August 31, 2023, the Company contributed \$21,005 to the Plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 7 – LEASES

During the year, the Institute adopted a new accounting standard for recognition of lease transactions which was mandated by the Financial Account Standards Board Accounting Standard Codification Topic 842. The Institute adopted the new standard using the modified retrospective method permitted by Topic 842. The Institute also elected to use the package of practical expedients permitted under Topic 842, which allowed the Institute to not reassess prior conclusions regarding lease identification, lease classification, and initial direct costs under the new standard. As a result of adopting the new standard, the Institute recognized right-of-use ("ROU") assets and lease liabilities which materially impacted the Institute's balance sheet. The standard did not materially impact the Institute's income statement or cash flows.

The Company leases its classroom and office facilities under a non-cancelable operating lease that expires on December 31, 2025. Future minimum lease payments are subject to annual increases; in addition, the Institute is responsible for supplemental lease payments to reimburse the landlord for their proportionate share of the building's operating costs, and it may be cancelled by the landlord upon twelve months written notice. The lease is guaranteed by the president of the Company. This is a Post-Implementation Lease whose August 31, 2023 Lease Right-of-use Asset balance is \$1,196,729 and Lease Liability balance is \$1,338,668.

Operating lease cost for the year ended August 31, 2023 was \$662,603. Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities for the year ended August 31, 2023 was \$675,434.

The following table provides a summary of the Company's average lease term and discount rate as of August 31, 2023:

Weighted-average remaining lease term - operating leases	2.3 years
Weighted-average discount rate - operating leases	20.1%

Maturities of lease liabilities as of August 31, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending August 31,		
	(Operating
2024	\$	723,434
2025		723,434
2026		241,145
Total lease payments	y	1,688,013
Less: interest		(349,345)
Present value of lease liabilities	\$	1,338,668

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 8 – NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable liability consists of the following at August 31, 2023:

Term loan scheduled to be repaid in 84 monthly payments of \$1,454, including interest at an annual rate of 15.2%. The note, which is secured by principally all of the Institute's assets, is personally guaranteed by the Institute's President. The Institute has repaid this loan at an accelerated rate, as permitted by the loan agreement.

\$ 20,235

Term loan due in 96 monthly payments of \$938, including interest at an annual rate of 16.43%. The note, which is secured by principally all of the Institute's assets, is personally guaranteed by the Institute's President.

45,124 65,359

Less current portion

(24,384) \$ 40,975

Future payment obligations of notes payable by year consist of the following amounts:

2024	\$ 24,384
2025	4,884
2026	5,750
2027	6,769
2028	7,969
Thereafter	15,603
	\$ 65,359

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 9 – INCOME TAXES

The Company files a consolidated federal income tax return with its parent, which has no operations of its own. The Company provides for deferred income taxes under the asset and liability method of accounting. This method requires the recognition of deferred income taxes, based upon the tax consequences of "temporary differences" by applying enacted statutory tax rates applicable to future years to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax basis of existing assets and liabilities. The deferred taxes represent the future tax return consequences of the differences between the basis of certain assets and liabilities for financial and tax reporting.

As of August 31, 2023, the Company has federal and state net operating loss carry forwards approximating \$11.4 million and \$10.3 million, respectively, which may be carried forward to offset future taxable income indefinitely and up to 15 years, respectively.

At August 31, 2023, the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities consisted of allowance for doubtful accounts on student accounts and notes receivable, deferred rent liability, accumulated depreciation on fixed assets, and substantial net operating loss carryforwards. Management has determined that a 100% Valuation Allowance is appropriate for the deferred tax assets, and accordingly no deferred tax asset is recognized in the accompanying Balance Sheet. Consistent with that estimate, the Institute recognized no current or deferred income tax benefit in the accompanying Statement of Income.

The Company's federal income tax returns remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service for three years after filing, and its state income tax returns remain subject to examination by state taxing authorities for three years after filing.

NOTE 10 – 90/10 CALCULATION

Milwaukee Career College, Inc. derives a substantial portion of its revenues from financial aid received by its students under programs authorized by Title IV of the HEA, which are administered by the U.S. Department of Education. To continue to participate in the programs, the Institute must comply with the regulations promulgated under the HEA. The regulations restrict the proportion of cash receipts for tuition, fees, and other institutional charges from eligible programs to not be more than 90 percent from Title IV programs. The failure of the Institute to meet the 90 percent limitation for two consecutive years will result in the loss of the Institute's ability to participate in Title IV programs. If a school receives more than 90 percent of its revenue from Title IV programs during its fiscal year, the school becomes provisionally certified for the next two fiscal years. This information is required by the U.S. Department of Education and is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, the Institute's cash basis calculation is:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 10 – 90/10 CALCULATION – (CONTINUED)

The sum of Adjusted Student Title IV Revenue = 90/10 Revenue Percentage					
Sum of Adjusted Student Title IV Revenue +Sum of Student Non-Title IV Revenue					
+Total Revenue from Other Sources					
+ Total Revenue from Other Sources		Amount isbursed		Adjusted Amount	
Additional advantage Title TV	D	isbuisca		7 Killouii C	
Adjusted student Title IV revenue:		2 (2 0 8 2	ф	2 (2 072	
Subsidized Loan	\$	362,873	\$	362,873	
Unsubsidized Loan up to pre-ECASLA loan limits		476,435		476,435	
PLUS Loan		502.204		502.204	
Federal Pell Grant		523,304		523,304	
FSEOG (subject to matching reduction)		21,757	_	16,318	
Student Title IV revenue				1,378,930	
Revenue adjustment Reduce Student Title IV Revenue by the amount in excess of Tuition and Fees				(42,146)	
Reduce Title IV Revenue for Title IV Funds returned for a student under 34 C.F.R. § 668.22 withdrawals			-	(176,643)	(7 100)
Adjusted Student Title IV revenue			<u>\$</u>	1,160,141	67.10%
Student Non-Title IV Revenue					
Grant funds for the students from non-Federal public agencies or private sources independent of the					
Institution	\$	15,017			
	Ψ	15,017			
Funds provided for the student under a contractual arrangement with a government agency for the purpose of providing job training to low-income individuals					
Funds used by a student from savings plans for educational expenses established by or on behalf of the student that qualify for special tax treatment by the IRS		120			
Direction and an including district day to the day					
Eligible cash school scholarships disbursed to the student		-50			
Student payments on current charges		553,910			
Student Non- Title IV revenue	\$	568,927	3) 2)		
Decree Other Comment (TE 4 to Control Word)					
Revenue from Other Sources (Totals for the Fiscal Year)					
Activities conducted by the school that are necessary for education and training (34 C.F.R. §	•				
668.28(a)(3)(ii))	\$	-			
Funds paid by or on behalf of a student by a party other than the school for an education or training program that is not eligible (34 C.F.R. § 668.28(a)(3)(iii))					
Allowable student payments + allowable amounts from account receivable or institutional loan sales - any					
required payments under a recourse agreement					
Revenue from Other Sources	\$				
			- 4		
Total Non-Title IV Revenue (Student Non-Title IV Revenue + Revenue from Other Sources)			\$	568,927	32.90%
Total Revenue (Adjusted Student Title IV Revenue + Student Non-Title IV Revenue + Revenue					
from Other Sources)			\$	1,729,068	100.00%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 11 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The Institute participates in Federal programs authorized by Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (HEA), which are administered by the by the U.S. Department of Education. The Institute must comply with the regulations promulgated under the HEA. Those regulations require that all related party transactions be disclosed, regardless of their materiality to the financial statements. This information is required by the U.S. Department of Education and is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

As more fully described in Note 4, the Institution's shareholder invested \$1,039,483 of additional equity in Milwaukee Career College, Inc. during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, and an additional \$264,285 during November 2023.

As more fully described in Note 8, the Institution's president has personally guaranteed several notes payable owed by the Institution.

NOTE 12 – REGULATORY

Regulatory Agency Review

To participate in the Title IV Programs, an institution is subject to extensive regulation and periodic reviews by federal and state governmental agencies and the Institution's accrediting body. An institution must be authorized to offer its programs of instruction by the relevant agencies of the state in which it is located, accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the DOE and certified as eligible by the DOE. On a periodic basis, an institution must be re-approved by these agencies to continue to receive Title IV Funds. An institution must also demonstrate its compliance with the Higher Education Act as amended (HEA) and related regulations published by the DOE on an ongoing basis. Political and budgetary concerns can significantly affect the Title IV Programs and Congress must reauthorize the HEA and funding for its financial aid programs periodically. As of August 31, 2023, the Institute was properly authorized by the regulatory agencies which govern its eligibility, and no regulatory reviews were being conducted by the respective agencies.

Loan Cohort Default Rate

Current Regulations have been established which impose limitations on institutions whose former students default on the repayment of their federally guaranteed or funded student loans above specific rates (cohort default rate). An institution whose three-year cohort default rate equals or exceeds 30% for three consecutive years will no longer be eligible to participate in the Federal Direct Loan Program or the Pell Grant Program. An institution whose cohort default rates exceed 40% will lose its eligibility to participate in the Federal Direct Loan Program.

The Institute's most recent official cohort default rates, published by the United States Department of Education, are 0%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 12 – REGULATORY – (CONTINUED)

Financial Responsibility Composite Ratio

Under the federal regulations mentioned above, the DOE calculates the Institution's composite score based on a three-factor financial responsibility ratio. An institution which does not meet the DOE's minimum composite score of 1.5 can demonstrate financial responsibility by meeting the "zone alternative" or posting a letter of credit in favor of the DOE. The "zone alternative" includes a delayed method of cash funding for Title IV Aid, and the providing of additional information to the DOE, upon request. As of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, the Institute had a composite score equal to 0.5 out of a possible score of 3.0.

DOE Letter of Credit – Late Refunds

On December 19, 2022, the Company issued an irrevocable letter of credit in favor of the DOE in the amount of \$37,386. The letter of credit, which expires August 31, 2024, was issued in response to the DOE's 2021 Final Audit Determination letter dated July 27, 2022, relating to Late Refunds. The Company is required to adjust the letter of credit annually to an amount equal to 25% of the total of the most recent fiscal year's refunds to the DOE. The letter of credit must be renewed until the Company has two consecutive Title IV Compliance Audit Reports with lower than a 5% late refund rate.

DOE Letter of Credit – Financial Responsibility Ratios

In a letter dated January 23, 2024, the DOE notified the Institution that its August 30, 2022 financial statements had failed the DOE Composite Ratio, and as a result, the School could elect to continue participation in the Title IV funding programs under one of two alternatives: 1) Letter of credit in an amount equal to 50% of the most recent fiscal year's net Title IV receipts, or 2) Letter of credit in an amount equal to 10% of the most recent fiscal year's net Title IV receipts, plus compliance with the Zone Alternative, plus compliance with the Heightened Cash Monitoring 1 payment method for disbursing Title IV aid to eligible students. The Institution must elect one of the two alternatives within 14 days of its receipt of the letter.

Borrower Defense to Repayment

Effective October 2018, the DOE's amended Borrower Defense to Repayment regulations "(BDR") took effect for federal student loans incurred after June 30, 2017. Subsequent DOE revisions to BDR took effect July 1, 2020 for federal student loans incurred since that date. These two revisions of BDR regulations govern pre-dispute arbitration clauses for BDR matters, determine the process through which a student can request discharge of FDL loans incurred after June 30, 2017, and identified several "triggering events" which could result in the DOE assessing letters of credit against the Institution. The DOE published another revision of the BDR regulations to take effect on July 1, 2023; those changes are in abeyance pending a final ruling of the Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals which has ordered a temporary injunction of the 2023 revisions to BDR.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 13 – CARES ACT, CRRSAA ACT, and American Heroes Act HEERF GRANTS

In March 2020, The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act") was enacted, followed by the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act ("CRRSAA Act") in December 2020, and the American Heroes Act in March 2021. All three of those laws provided for funding to post-secondary Institutions and their students under a provision of both laws called the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund ("HEERF"). In accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 958-605, HEERF grant proceeds are recognized as Restricted Cash and HEERF grant liability upon their receipt. When the eligibility requirements of the grants are fulfilled, the applicable balance of the Restricted Cash and HEERF grant liability are eliminated, and the Institution recognizes conditional grant revenue.

HEERF Student Pass-through Grants

Through August 31, 2022, the Institution had drawn down \$265,046 of HEERF funds to be provided solely to eligible students for expenses related to the disruption of their on-campus education, including the cost of course materials, technology to facilitate online instruction, housing, food, health care and child care. Student pass-through grant proceeds cannot be retained by the Institution for any reason, and only students who are eligible to participate in academic programs governed by section 484 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 are eligible to receive the grants. The post-secondary Institution is responsible for determining supplemental eligibility criteria for the HEERF pass-through grants, and for disbursing the grants to eligible students and maintaining appropriate records. Through August 31, 2022, the Institution had disbursed \$265,046 of HEERF grants to students through a direct payment to the student or an authorized reduction of the student's balance due to the Institution.

During the fiscal year ending August 31, 2023, the Institution drew down and disbursed \$198,000 of HEERF Student pass-through grant funding which it awarded to students who met the CARES Act and institutional eligibility requirements. The Performance Period for the HEERF grant program ended on June 30, 2023, and no further drawdowns or disbursements will occur.



PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING, CONSULTING & BUSINESS ADVISORY SERVICES To the Shareholder Milwaukee Career College, Inc. Milwaukee, Wisconsin

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Milwaukee Career College, Inc., which comprise the balance sheet as of August 31, 2023, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Milwaukee Career College, Inc.'s basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 23, 2024.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Milwaukee Career College, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Milwaukee Career College, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Milwaukee Career College, Inc.'s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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To the Shareholder Milwaukee Career College, Inc. Page 2

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Milwaukee Career College, Inc.'s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. Such tests included compliance tests as set forth in the 2023 edition of the *Guide For Financial Statement Audits of Proprietary Schools and For Compliance Attestation Examination Engagements of Proprietary School and Third-Party Servicers Administering Title IV Programs*, issued by the U.S. Department of Education, Office of Inspector General (the Guide) including those relating to related parties and percentage of revenue derived from Title IV programs. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* or the Guide and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as finding 2023-01.

Milwaukee Career College, Inc.'s Response to Finding

Milwaukee Career College, Inc.'s response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Management Response to the Finding in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Milwaukee Career College, Inc.'s response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Milwaukee Career College, Inc.'s response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Milwaukee Career College, Inc.'s internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Case | Sabatini

Certified Public Accountants Pittsburgh, PA January 23, 2024

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PITTS BURGH . WEXFORD

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Finding 2023-01: 90/10 Revenue Percentage

Condition:

Milwaukee Career College, Inc. required assistance in its calculation of the 90/10 revenue percentage to the level of precision required by the March 2023 DOE Audit Guide; the Institution's 90/10 rate is less than 90%.

Criteria:

If an Institution does not derive at least 10 percent of its revenue from sources other than Title IV program funds for two consecutive fiscal years, it loses its eligibility to participate in the Title IV programs for at least two fiscal years. For any fiscal year an Institution does not derive at least 10 percent of its revenue from sources other than Title IV program funds, it becomes provisionally certified for two fiscal years after the fiscal year it fails to satisfy the revenue requirement. An Institution must notify ED no later than 45 days after the end of its fiscal year that it failed to meet the 90/10 revenue requirement. A proprietary Institution must disclose in a note to the financial statements the percentage of its revenues derived from Title IV program funds. The note must also report the dollar amount of the numerator and denominator of its 90/10 ratio as well as the individual revenue amounts identified in Section 2 of Appendix C to Subpart B of Part 668 of the regulations. The 90/10 calculation presented in the notes to the financial statements must be performed by the Institution.

Cause:

Need for assistance with mathematical calculations at the required level of precision.

Effect:

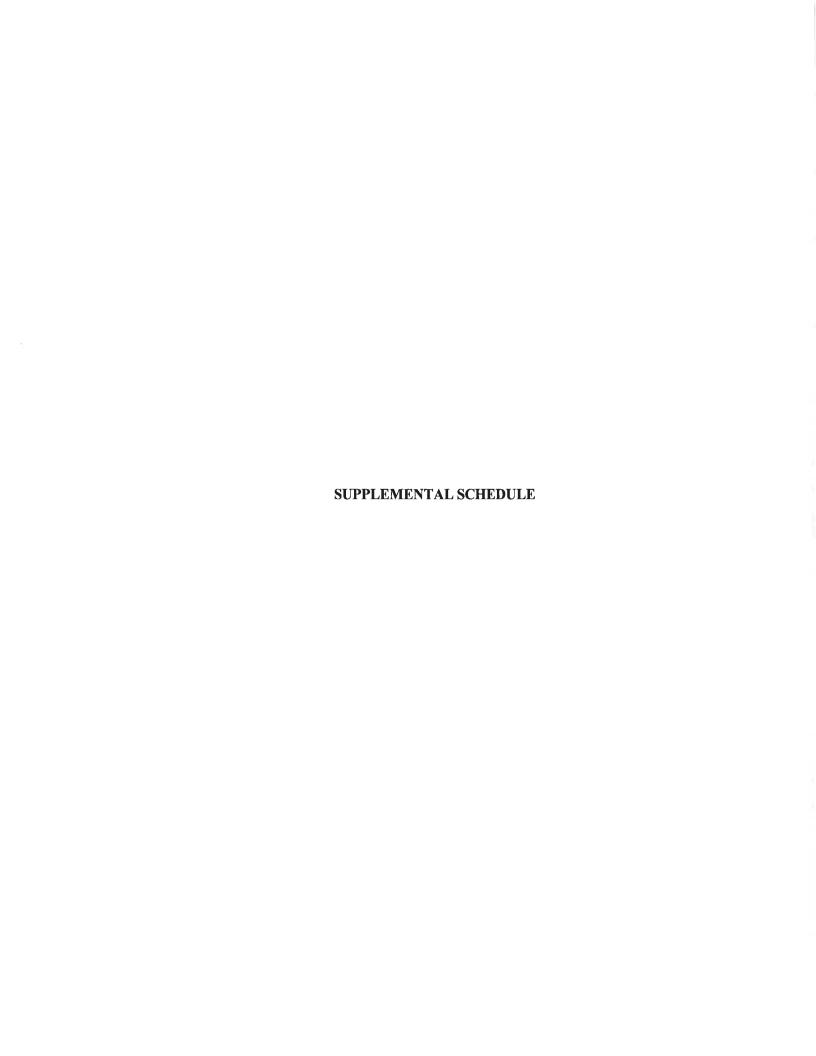
The Institution calculated a 90/10 rate of 66.19%, which was incorrect. The percentage of revenue derived from Title IV program funds for the twelve-month period ended August 31, 2023 for Milwaukee Career College, Inc., as reported in footnote 10, is 67.10%.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Institution strengthen their procedures to ensure that, in the future, the 90/10 revenue calculation is completed accurately and is mathematically correct.

Views of Responsible Officials:

Management concurs with this finding.



FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE As of and for the Year Ended August 31, 2023

Primary Reserve Ratio:

		Primary Reserve Ratio:		
		Adjusted Equity		
BS - Line 28	Balance Sheet - Total Shareholder's Equity	Total Equity		286,780
BS - N/A	Balance Sheet - N/A, All Secured and Unsecured related party receivables and/or other related party assets	Secured and Unsecured related party receivables and/or other related party assets		
BS - N/A	Balance Sheet - N/A	Unsecured related party receivables and/or other related party assets		*
BS - Line 11	Balance Sheet - All Net Property and Equipment	Property, plant and equipment, net - including construction in progress	94,715	
Note 1 to Supplemental Schedule Line 1	Note 1 to the Supplemental Schedule - Pre- implementation property and equipment, net	Property, plant and equipment, net - pre- implementation less any construction in progress		2,906
Note 1 to Supplemental Schedule Line 2	Note 1 to the Supplemental Schedule - Post- implementation property and equipment, net for original purchase with debt	Property, plant and equipment, net - post implementation less any construction in progress with outstanding debt for original purchase with debt Property, plant and equipment, net - post		•
Note 1 to Supplemental Schedule Line 3	Note 1 to the Supplemental Schedule - Post- implementation property and equipment, net for original purchase without debt	implementation less any construction in progress with outstanding debt for original purchase without debt		91,809
Note 1 to Supplemental Schedule Line 4	Note 1 to the Supplemental Schedule - Construction in progress	Construction in progress		-
BS - Line 12	Note 2 to the Supplemental Schedule - All Lease right-of-use asset	Lease right-of-use asset	1,196,729	
Note 2 to Supplemental Schedule - Line 1	Note 2 to the Supplemental Schedule - Pre- implementation lease right-of-use asset	Lease right-of-use asset - pre-implementation		2
Note 2 to Supplemental Schedule - Line 2	Note 2 to the Supplemental Schedule - Post- implementation lease right-of-use asset	Lease right-of-use asset - post- implementation		1,196,729
BS - N/A	Balance Sheet - N/A	Intangible assets		
BS - N/A	Balance Sheet - N/A	Post-employment and defined pension plan liabilities		
BS - N/A	Balance Sheet - N/A, All Long-term debt - for long-term purposes and Construction in process debt	Long-term debt - for long-term purposes and Construction in process debt	-	
BS - N/A	Balance Sheet - N/A	Long-term debt for long-term purposes pre- implementation		51
BS - N/A	Balance Sheet - N/A	Qualified Long-term debt for long-term purposes post-implementation for purchase of Property, Plant, and Equipment		ž
BS - N/A	Balance Sheet - N/A	Line of Credit for Construction in process		
BS - Line 18,21	Note 2 to the Supplemental Schedule All Lease right-of-use asset liability	Lease right-of-use asset liability	1,338,668	
Note 2 to Supplemental Schedule - Line 4	Note 2 to the Supplemental Schedule - Pre- implementation lease right-of-use liability	Pre-Implementation right-of-use leases		=
Note 2 to Supplemental Schedule - Line 5	Note 2 to the Supplemental Schedule - Post- implementation qualified lease right-of-use liability	Post-Implementation right-of-use leases		1,196,729
IS - Line 7,9,10	Income Statement - Total Operating Expenses , Depreciation and amortization, Interest	Total Expenses and Losses		2,743,455

FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE – (CONTINUED) As of and for the Year Ended August 31, 2023

Equity Ratio:

		Modified Equity		
BS - Line 28	Balance Sheet - Total Shareholder's Equity	Total equity		286,780
Note 2 to Supplemental	Note 2 to the Supplemental Schedule - Pre-			
Schedule - Line 4	implementation lease right-of-use liability	Pre-Implementation right-of-use leases		•
Note 2 to Supplemental	Note 2 to the Supplemental Schedule - Pre-			
Schedule - Line 1	implementation lease right-of-use asset	Lease right-of-use asset - pre-implementation		6 (€)
BS - N/A	Balance Sheet - N/A	Intangible assets		
BS - N/A	Balance Sheet - N/A. All Secured and Unsecured related party receivables and/or other related party assets	Secured and Unsecured related party receivable and/or other related party assets	(See	
BS - N/A	Balance Sheet - N/A	Unsecured related party receivables and/or other related party assets		
		Modified Assets		
BS - Line 14	Balance Sheet - Total Assets	Total assets		2,201,256
Note 2 to Supplemental	Note 2 to the Supplemental Schedule - Pre-			
Schedule - Line 1	implementation lease right-of-use asset	Lease right-of-use asset - pre-implementation		3.6
BS - N/A	Balance Sheet - N/A	Intangible assets		
	Balance Sheet - N/A. All Secured and			
BS - N/A	Unsecured related party receivables and/or	Secured and Unsecured related party		
	other related party assets	receivable and/or other related party assets	3.00	
DC NIA		Unsecured related party receivables and/or		
BS - N/A	Balance Sheet - N/A	other related party assets		

Net Income Ratio:

IS - Line 13	Statement of Income - Net Loss Before		
	Income Taxes	Income Before Taxes	(880,151)
118 - Line 2.11	Statement of Income - Total Operating Revenue, and Miscellaneous revenue	Total Revenues and Gains	1.962.204
	Revenue, and ivriscentaneous revenue	Total Revenues and Gams	1,863,304

NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE

As of and for the Year Ended August 31, 2023

NOTE 1 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

A summary of Pre-implementation and Post-implementation Net Property and Equipment is as follows as of August 31:

	2023	
Pre-implementation property and equipment, net Post-implementation property and equipment, net for original purchase with debt Post-implementation property and equipment, net for original purchase without debt Construction in progress		2,906
		-
		91,809
		-
Net property and equipment, as reported on the accompanying Balance Sheet	\$	94,715

NOTE 2 – LEASE RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET AND LIABILITY

A summary of Pre-implementation and Post-implementation right-of-use asset and liability, is as follows as of August 31:

	2023	
Pre-implementation lease right-of-use asset	\$ -	
Post-implementation lease right-of-use asset	1,196,729	
Total lease right-of-use asset, as reported on the accompanying Balance Sheet	\$ 1,196,729	=
Pre-implementation lease right-of-use liability	\$ -	
Post-implementation qualified lease right-of-use liability	1,196,729	
Post-implementation lease right-of-use liability greater than asset value	141,939	
Total lease right-of-use liability, as reported on the accompanying Balance Sheet	\$ 1,338,668	