Consolidated Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

December 31, 2022 and 2021



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Managing Members Plato Global Holdings, LLC

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Plato Global Holdings, LLC and Subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of operations, members' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Plato Global Holdings, LLC and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Plato Global Holdings, LLC and Subsidiaries, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, in 2022, the Company adopted Financial Accounting Standard Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 842, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Plato Global Holdings, LLC and Subsidiaries' ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the consolidated financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional



omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements. In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Plato Global Holdings, LLC and Subsidiaries' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Plato Global Holdings, LLC and Subsidiaries' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Melville, New York April 25, 2023

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Plato Global Holdings, LLC and Subsidiaries (d/b/a Edcetera) Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2022 and 2021

<u>Assets</u>

	2022	2021
Current assets	\$ 1,585,185	¢ 1740.661
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 1,585,185 76,584	\$ 1,740,661 111,764
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	311,092	253,371
Total current assets	1,972,861	2,105,796
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Property, plant & equipment, net	51,421	65,771
Operating lease assets	373,754	-
Intangible assets, net	18,381,634	16,690,359
Goodwill, net	55,224,483	37,714,028
Total assets	\$ 76,004,153	\$ 56,575,954
Liabilities and Members' Equity		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 594,443	\$ 246,366
Accrued liabilities and other current liabilities	288,083	574,958
Accrued earn-out liabiliies	1,850,000	-
Current portion of deferred revenue	3,217,858	2,274,887
Current portion of long-term debt	1,067,875	622,944
Current portion of lease liabilities	97,981	
Total current liabilities	7,116,240	3,719,155
Long-term debt, net	39,612,718	27,618,904
Long-term deferred revenue	172,859	62,492
Lease liabilities, net of current portion	298,825	-
Deferred tax liability	197,005	-
Total liabilities	47,397,647	31,400,551
Commitments and contingencies		
Members' Equity Class A Preferred units; authorized, issued and outstanding		
35,879,300 units and 32,300,010 units, respectively; aggregate liquidation preference of \$54,999,253 and \$39,022,986, respectively	43,666,697	32,020,713
Class P units; 2,137,897 authorized; issued and outstanding	101 100	00.074
704,930 units and 491,717 units, respectively	164,498	98,074
Additional paid-in capital	61,261	24,467
Accumulated deficiency	(15,285,950)	(6,967,851)
Total members' equity	28,606,506	25,175,403
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$ 76,004,153	\$ 56,575,954

Consolidated Statements of Operations For the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021

	2022	2021
Revenues	\$ 19,542,533	\$ 16,661,666
Cost of sales	1,532,822	1,413,521
Gross profit	18,009,711	15,248,145
Operating Expenses		
Depreciation and amortization	8,340,745	5,406,283
Payroll expenses	5,023,455	4,346,357
Development, delivery, and marketing	5,921,266	4,652,854
General & administrative expenses	1,823,963	1,471,061
Equity based compensation	103,218	69,203
Total operating expenses	21,212,647	15,945,758
Loss from operations	(3,202,936)	(697,613)
Other (income) and expense		
Transaction expenses	1,104,440	234,658
Interest expense	3,891,468	1,803,304
Total other expenses, net	4,995,908	2,037,962
Loss before benefit for income taxes	(8,198,844)	(2,735,575)
Income tax benefit	(6,468)	
Net loss	\$ (8,192,376)	\$ (2,735,575)

Consolidated Statements of Members' Equity

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021

Total

	Class	A Uni	ts	Class	P Unit	s	Add	litional paid-in	A	ccumulated	members'
	Shares		Amount	Shares		Amount		capital		deficiency	equity
Balance, December 31, 2021	31,519,960	\$	30,939,837	379,477	\$	53,338	\$	-	\$	(3,353,123)	\$ 27,640,052
Issuance of Class A preferred units, (net of direct issuance costs of \$11,195)	780,050		1,080,876	-		-		-		-	1,080,876
Equity Based Compensation	-		-	112,240		44,735		24,468		-	69,203
Distributions	-		-	-		-		-		(879,153)	(879,153)
Net loss			<u> </u>							(2,735,575)	(2,735,575)
Balance, December 31, 2022	32,300,010		32,020,713	491,717		98,073		24,468		(6,967,851)	25,175,403
Issuance of Class A preferred units (net of direct issuance costs of \$22,500)	3,572,387		11,645,984	-		-		-		-	11,645,984
Equity Based Compensation	-		-	213,213		66,425		36,793		-	103,218
Distributions	-		-	-		-		-		(125,723)	(125,723)
Net loss			<u> </u>							(8,192,376)	(8,192,376)
Balance, December 31, 2022	35,872,397	\$	43,666,697	704,930	\$	164,498	\$	61,261	\$	(15,285,950)	\$ 28,606,506

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021

		2022	 2021
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net loss	\$	(8,192,376)	\$ (2,735,575)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash			
provided by operating activities		0040745	= 400 000
Depreciation and amortization		8,340,745	5,406,283
Amortization of debt issuance costs		324,915	149,418
Deferred taxes		197,005	
Equity-based compensation		103,218	69,203
Net changes in operating right of use assets and lease liabilities		23,052	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		(00.544)	(440.070)
Prepaid and other current assets		(22,541)	(113,072)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities		2,111,202	21,018
Deferred revenue		1,053,338	835,238
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,938,558	3,632,513
Cash flows from investing activities			
Cash paid for acquisition		(14,031,677)	(189,925)
Cash paid for intangible assets		(296,448)	(4,228,846)
Purchase of property and equipment		-	(71,750)
Net cash used in investing activities		(14,328,125)	(4,490,521)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issuance of preferred units		11,645,984	1,080,876
Repayments of long-term debt		(798,570)	(190,000)
Distributions		(125,723)	(879,153)
Debt issuance cost paid		(487,600)	(299,875)
Net cash used in financing activities		10,234,091	(288,152)
Net decrease in cash		(155,476)	(1,146,160)
Cash, beginning		1,740,661	2,886,821
Cash, end	\$	1,585,185	\$ 1,740,661
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information Interest paid	\$	3,566,553	\$ 1,653,886
Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing and financing activities	<u> </u>	3,000,000	 .,000,000
Note payable for acquisitions	\$	13,400,000	\$ 10,315,000
Equity issuance costs	\$	22,500	\$ 11,195
Cash paid for amounts included in measurement of operating lease liabilities	\$	88,020	\$ -
Operating right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities	\$	105,010	\$ -

Note 1 - Description of business and basis of presentation

Plato Global Holdings, LLC (the "Company") was formed in the State of Delaware on December 17, 2019 (inception). The Company operates under the terms of its Operating Agreement dated December 17, 2019 (the "Operating Agreement"). The Company is a limited liability company and the members' liability is limited to their capital accounts.

The Company provides training and continuing education courses for various professional licensing requirements. The Company conducts courses in a Company-owned center, through third-party locations and online. During the year ended December 31, 2022 the Company re-branded and operates its business under the name Edcetera.

The Company operates in a competitive environment and inherent in its business are various risks and uncertainties. The members intend to continue supporting the Company through operating cash flows, as well as future financing and capital infusions.

Basis of presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Plato Global Holdings, LLC, and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, which are as follows:

Subsidiaries Acquisition Date	
PDH Learning, LLC	December 17, 2019
PDH Acadamy, LLC	December 17, 2019
Xprep Learning Solutions, LLC	September 30, 2020
PDH Ophtho, LLC	December 9, 2021
PDH SunCam, LLC	December 14, 2021
PDH DermQ, LLC	March 25, 2022
PDH DC Hours, LLC	May 31, 2022
PrepFE, Inc.	September 12, 2022
Pulse Radiology Education, LLC	October 20, 2022

All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the accompanying 2021 consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the 2022 presentation.

Note 2 - Summary of significant accounting policies

Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue recognition

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), which sets forth a single comprehensive model for recognizing and reporting revenues. The standard requires the Company to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company applies the following steps: (1) identify the contract with a customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and (5) recognize revenue when, or as, the Company satisfies a performance obligation. The Company adopted ASC 606 on December 17, 2019 (inception). On December 31, 2019, accounts receivable and deferred revenue were \$0 and \$216,957, respectively.

The Company generates revenue primarily from four main sources: (1) continuing professional education classes, (2) training classes for certain state certifications and licenses, (3) exam preparation courses and (4) other subscription revenue.

Continuing professional education revenue

Continuing professional educational revenue is derived from providing customers training classes that are of a short duration and are generally completed immediately after payment is received. The access to the class materials and the certification upon completion are the Company's performance obligations. As these obligations are customarily completed simultaneously, they are considered one performance obligation, and the revenue is recognized at the time that payment is received.

License and certification revenue

License and certification revenue is derived from providing customers with courses given over a period of time that result in a license or certification from a state authority. The Company's performance obligations are access to the course materials and the customer obtaining their license or certificate in the appropriate state. Since the purpose of the course is to obtain the applicable license or certification, the license or certification is considered the primary performance obligation. Revenue is recognized upon completion of the course when the license or certificate is obtained by the customer. Some customers do not complete the course. Since there is no specified time limitation on the availability of the course, breakage revenue for those who do not complete the course is recorded consistently with the estimated timing of those customers who complete the course and obtain the license or certification.

Exam preparation revenue

Exam preparation revenue is derived from providing customers with exam preparation courses over a set period of time as a subscription. The student then sits for the exam controlled by a state authority or licensing board, although the Company has no participation with regard to the actual exam. The Company's performance obligation is access to the course materials during the subscription period which varies in length ranging from one month to 36 months. Revenue is recognized ratably throughout the subscription period.

Other subscription revenue

The company is moving its continuing education model from a strictly a la carte model to that of a subscription model. For these offerings, the performance obligation is access to the course materials during the subscription period and revenue is recognized ratably throughout the subscription period.

ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) is a single standard for revenue recognition that applies to all of the Company's continued professional education and license

and certification revenue arrangements and generally requires revenues to be recognized upon the transfer of control of promised goods or services provided to customers, reflecting the amount of consideration the Company expects to receive for those goods or services. Pursuant to Topic 606, revenues are recognized upon the application of the following steps:

- identification of the contract, or contracts, with a customer;
- identification of the performance obligations in the contract;
- · determination of the transaction price;
- allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and
- recognition of revenues when, or as, the contractual performance obligations are satisfied.

Deferred revenues on the Company's consolidated balance sheet are recorded when revenues are recognized subsequent to cash collection. Invoices for both continuing professional education and license and certification revenue are generally issued prior to providing customers with access to the course materials.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all instruments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents also include receivables from credit card companies, as the balances are settled within two to three business days. Cash and cash equivalents are maintained at financial institutions and, at times, balances may exceed federally insured limits. As of December 31, 2022, the Company's federally uninsured bank balances totaled approximately \$873,000. The Company maintains its cash deposits exclusively at financial institutions of high credit quality.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated using a straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Such lives range from three to seven years. Repairs and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred.

Capitalized course content

The Company internally develops course content, which is primarily provided as online content and accessed via the Internet. The Company also creates textbooks and other materials that are complementary to online content.

The Company capitalizes course content development costs incurred during the application development stage, as well as the design and deployment phases of the project. As a result, a significant portion of the Company's course content development costs qualify for capitalization due to the concentration of its development efforts on the content. Capitalization ends when a course is available for general release to its customers, at which time amortization of the capitalized costs begins. The period of time over which these development costs are amortized is generally five years.

Impairment of long-lived assets

Long-lived assets, such as intangible assets subject to amortization are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to the estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be

generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its undiscounted estimated future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized in the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. The Company determined that as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, long-lived assets subject to amortization were not impaired.

Goodwill

The Company adopted the authoritative guidance issued by the FASB in Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2014-02, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Accounting for Goodwill. The ASU permits a private company to subsequently amortize goodwill on a straight-line basis over a period of 10 years. It also permits a private company to apply a simplified impairment model to goodwill. Under the goodwill accounting alternative, goodwill should be tested for impairment when a triggering event occurs that indicates that the fair value of a company (or a reporting unit) may be below its carrying amount. As of December 31, 2022, and 2021, the Company did not identify any impairment indicators.

Deferred financing costs

Deferred financing costs represent fees incurred in obtaining the debt financing currently in place. These costs are being amortized on a straight-line basis (which approximates the effective interest method) over the term of the financing agreement. Amortization of deferred financing costs is recorded in interest expense on the consolidated statements of operations. Amortization of deferred financing costs amounted to approximately \$325,000 and \$149,000 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Advertising

The Company expenses the cost of advertising as incurred. Advertising costs charged to operations amounted to approximately \$3,216,000 and \$2,706,487 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Income taxes

The Company is a limited liability company that has elected to be taxed as a partnership. Accordingly, the members report their pro-rata share of the Company's net income or loss on their respective individual income tax returns.

The Company accounts for income taxes pursuant to the asset and liability method, which requires deferred income tax assets and liabilities to be computed for temporary differences between the consolidated financial statements and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the temporary differences are expected to affect taxable income.

The Company has no unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2022 and 2021. The Company's federal and state income tax returns from 2019 are still subject to examination and management continually evaluates expiring statutes of limitations, audits, proposed settlements, changes in tax law and new authoritative rulings.

The Company recognizes interest and penalties associated with tax matters as part of the income tax provision and includes accrued interest and penalties with the related tax liability in the consolidated balance sheet. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company did not recognize interest and penalties associated with tax matters.

Subsequent events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through April 25, 2023, which is the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

New Accounting Pronouncements

The Company adopted Accounting Standards Update 2016-02 (as amended), Leases (Topic 842) on January 1, 2022. Topic 842 requires lessees to recognize a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability for virtually all leases. The Company elected and applied the following transition practical expedients when initially adopting Topic 842:

- To apply the provisions of Topic 842 at the adoption date, instead of applying them to the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements.
- The package of practical expedients permitting the Company to not reassess (i) the lease classification of existing leases; (ii) whether existing and expired contracts are or contain leases; and (iii) initial direct costs for existing leases.

The Company recognized the following adjustments as of the adoption date in connection with transitioning to Topic 842:

	As of Ja	As of January 1, 2022		
Operating lease right of use assets	\$	478,764		
Operating lease liabilities	\$	478,764		

The adoption of Topic 842 did not have a material impact on the Company's net loss for the year ended December 31, 2022.

The Company includes its right of use assets and the corresponding lease liabilities separately on its consolidated balance sheets. See Note 10 regarding the Company's right of use assets and its lease liabilities for operating leases.

Note 3 - Acquisitions

DermQ Acquisition

On March 25, 2022, the Company effectuated a transaction with its investors whereby the Company purchased DermQ Bank, LLC ("DermQ"). The Company funded the acquisition through cash of \$1,896,971, and financing from the Company's senior lender in the amount of \$5,500,000, for an aggregate purchase price of \$7,075,000, which is net of deferred financing fees and transaction expenses of \$321,971 in the aggregate. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase transaction under ASC 805 *Business Combinations*, whereby the purchase price was allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair value at the date of acquisition. The excess of the purchase price over the net identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired has been assigned to goodwill. The Company expects goodwill to be deductible for tax purposes.

Recognized amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed:

	March 25, 2022		
Purchase Consideration			
Cash consideration	\$	7,075,000	
Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed at fair value	e		
Cash	\$	15,000	
Trademarks and tradenames		130,000	
Course content		920,000	
Goodwill		6,010,000	
Total identifiable net assets	\$	7,075,000	

In relation to the acquisition, the Company expensed \$165,921 included in transaction expenses on the consolidated statement of operations of transaction costs related to the acquisition.

DC Hours Acquisition

On May 31, 2022, PDH effectuated a transaction with its investors whereby the Company purchased DC Hours, LLC ("DC Hours"). The Company funded the acquisition through, cash of \$871,485, and financing from the Company's senior lender in the amount of \$3,700,000, for an aggregate purchase price of \$4,140,640, which is net of deferred financing fees, transaction expenses and a minimum company closing cash amount of \$410,845 in the aggregate. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase transaction under ASC 805 *Business Combinations*, whereby the purchase price was allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair value at the date of acquisition. The excess of the purchase price over the net identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired has been assigned to goodwill. The Company expects goodwill to be deductible for tax purposes.

Recognized amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed:

	May 31, 2022		
Purchase Consideration			
Cash consideration, net	\$	4,140,640	
Total purchase consideration	\$	4,140,640	
Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed at fair value Trademarks and tradenames Goodwill Other current liabilities	\$	160,000 3,995,378 (14,738)	
Total identifiable net assets	\$	4,140,640	

In relation to the acquisition, the Company expensed \$293,495 included in transaction expenses on the consolidated statement of operations of transaction costs related to the acquisition.

PrepFE Acquisition

On September 12, 2022, PDH effectuated a transaction with its investors whereby the Company purchased PrepFE, Inc. ("PFE"). The Company funded the acquisition through a capital raise of 772,342 Class A Units for an aggregate value of \$2,571,834, and financing from the Company's senior lender in the amount of \$1,200,000, for an aggregate purchase price of \$3,660,334, which is net of deferred financing fees, transaction expenses and equity issuance costs of \$305,334 in the aggregate. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase transaction under ASC 805 *Business Combinations*, whereby the purchase price was allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair value at the date of acquisition. The excess of the purchase price over the net identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired has been assigned to goodwill. The Company expects goodwill to be non-deductible for tax purposes.

Recognized amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed:

	Septe	ember 12, 2022
Purchase Consideration Cash consideration Fair value of contingent consideration - earnout	\$	3,412,500 320,000
Total purchase consideration	\$	3,732,500
Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed at fair value Cash Other current assets and liabilities, net Trademarks and tradenames Course content Goodwill Deferred tax liabilty	\$	4,563 1,515 90,000 660,000 3,186,299 (209,877)
Total identifiable net assets	\$	3,732,500

In relation to the acquisition, the Company expensed \$222,834 included in transaction expenses on the consolidated statement of operations of transaction costs related to the acquisition.

Pulse Acquisition

On October 20, 2022, PDH effectuated a transaction with its investors whereby the Company purchased Pulse Radiology, LLC. ("Pulse"). The Company funded the acquisition through a capital raise of 2,806,948 Class A Units for an aggregate value of \$9,150,650, and financing from the Company's senior lender in the amount of \$3,000,000, for an aggregate purchase price of \$10,750,000, which is net of deferred financing fees, transaction expenses and equity issuance costs of \$527,447 in the aggregate with additional cash funding to the balance sheet of \$873,203. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase transaction under ASC 805 *Business Combinations*, whereby the purchase price was allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair value at the date of acquisition. The excess of the purchase price over the net identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired has been assigned to goodwill. The Company expects goodwill to be deductible for tax purposes.

Recognized amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed:

	October 20, 2022		
Purchase Consideration			
Cash consideration	\$	10,750,000	
Fair value of contingent consideration - earnout		1,530,000	
Total purchase consideration	\$	12,280,000	
Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed at fair value			
Trademarks and tradenames	\$	290,000	
Course content		2,170,000	
Goodwill		9,820,000	
Total identifiable net assets	\$	12,280,000	

In relation to the acquisition, the Company expensed \$380,047 included in transaction expenses on the consolidated statement of operations of transaction costs related to the acquisition.

Ophtho Acquisition

On December 9, 2021, the Company effectuated a transaction with its investors whereby the Company purchased the assets of Ophtho Questions, LLC ("Ophtho"). Prior to the acquisition, the Company completed a capital raise of \$1,092,071 for 780,050 Class A preferred units. The Company funded the acquisition through cash of \$3,000,000, cash from the capital raise of \$1,092,071 and financing from the Company's senior lender in the amount of \$8,750,000, for an aggregate purchase price of \$12,480,321, which is net of \$361,750 of transaction fees, deferred financing fees and equity issuance costs. The Company expects goodwill to be deductible for tax purposes.

Recognized amounts of identifiable assets acquired:

	Dec	ember 9, 2021
Purchase Consideration Cash consideration Royalty agreement purchase price adjustment	\$	12,500,000 (19,679)
Total purchase consideration	\$	12,480,321
Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed at fair value Trademarks, tradenames and other intangibles Course content	\$	11,270,321 1,210,000
Total identifiable net assets	\$	12,480,321

In relation to the acquisition, the Company expensed \$111,108 included in transaction expenses on the consolidated statement of operations of transaction costs related to the acquisition.

SunCam Acquisition

On December 13, 2021, the Company effectuated a transaction with its investors whereby the Company purchased SunCam, LLC ("SunCam"). The Company funded the acquisition through, cash of \$818,050 and financing from the Company's senior lender in the amount of \$1,565,000, for an aggregate purchase price of \$2,200,000, which is net of \$183,050 of transaction fees and deferred financing fees. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase transaction under ASC 805 *Business Combinations*, whereby the purchase price was allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair value at the date of acquisition. The excess of the purchase price over the net identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired has been assigned to goodwill. The Company expects goodwill to be deductible for tax purposes.

Recognized amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed:

	December 31, 2021	
Purchase Consideration Cash consideration	\$	2,200,000
Total purchase consideration	\$	2,200,000
Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed at fair value Cash Trademarks and tradenames Course content Goodwill Other current liabilities	\$	16,000 20,000 200,000 2,180,000 (216,000)
Total identifiable net assets	\$	2,200,000

In relation to the acquisition, the Company expensed \$123,550 included in transaction expenses on the consolidated statement of operations of transaction costs related to the acquisition.

Note 4 - Goodwill

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company recognized goodwill amortization expense totaling \$5,501,222 and \$4,323,602, respectively. As of December 31, 2022, there were no events to indicate impairment.

	2022			2021		
Goodwill, beginning of the year	\$ 37,714,028		\$	39,857,630		
Acquisitions						
PDH Sun Cam, LLC		-		2,180,000		
PDH DermQ, LLC		6,010,000		-		
PDH DC Hours, LLC		3,995,378		-		
PrepFE, Inc.		3,186,299		-		
Pulse Radiology Education, LLC		9,820,000		-		
Less: Amortization		(5,501,222)		(4,323,602)		
Goodwill, end of year	\$	55,224,483	\$	37,714,028		

Note 5 - Intangible assets

The following table summarizes the Company's intangible assets:

	2022	2021	Useful life
Trademarks and tradenames (net of accumulated amortization of			
\$1,656,601 and \$306,250, respectively)	\$ 11,803,720	\$ 12,464,071	10 years
Course content (net of accumulated amortization of \$3,188,763 and \$1,868,515,			
respectively)	6,574,788	4,216,950	5 years
Software (net of accumulated amortization of			
\$16,108 and \$9,896, respectively)	3,126	9,338	3-5 years
Total	\$ 18,381,634	\$ 16,690,359	

Amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 was \$2,676,812 and \$1,076,703, respectively.

Estimated amortization expense related to intangible assets subject to amortization in each of the years subsequent to December 31, 2022, is as follows:

Estimated future amortization expense

2023	\$ 3,343,483
2024	3,296,327
2025	2,416,437
2026	2,390,474
2027	1,891,604
Thereafter	5,043,309
Total	\$ 18,381,634

Note 6 - Accrued earn out liability

Accrued earn out liabilities consist of \$1,850,000 of assumed liabilities related to amounts owed to the former shareholders of PrepFe, Inc. and Pulse Radiology Education, LLC. Amounts due to former shareholders as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Compensation due to former shareholders of Pulse	\$ 1,530,000
Compensation due to former shareholders of PrepFe	320,000
Total compensation owed	\$ 1,850,000

Note 7 - Revenue

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, revenue consisted of the following:

	2022	 2021
Continuing professional education revenue	\$ 5,910,502	\$ 4,535,152
License and certification revenue	7,252,467	8,148,828
Exam preparation revenue	6,145,264	3,967,186
Other subscription revenue	234,300	 10,500
Total revenue	\$ 19,542,533	\$ 16,661,666

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, deferred revenue consists primarily of amounts received for license and certification revenue which are recognized over the estimated time to complete the applicable courses. Revenue pertaining to unsatisfied performance obligations under current contracts is deferred in accordance with ASC 606.

Deferred revenue will be recognized in each of the years subsequent to December 31, 2022 as follows:

2023 2024	\$ 3,217,858 172,859
Total	\$ 3,390,717

Note 8 - Long-term debt

Debt is summarized as follows at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	2022	2021
Term Loan	\$ 41,585,180	\$ 28,983,750
Less: Current portion long-term debt	(1,067,875)	(622,944)
Less: Debt Issuance cost, net	(904,587)	(741,902)
Long-term debt	\$ 39,612,718	\$ 27,618,904

On December 17, 2019, the Company entered into a credit facility agreement with a lender. The agreement consisted of a \$12,500,000 term loan and a delayed draw term loan with borrowing capacity of \$12,000,000. As of December 31, 2022, there have been six amendments to the credit facility to extend additional commitments in the form of delayed draw down loans in the aggregate amount of \$35,715,000. The amount outstanding on the term loan as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$11,984,375 and \$12,250,000, respectively, with an interest rate of 8.50% and 8.50%, respectively. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the aggregate amounts outstanding on the delayed draw term loans are \$29,600,806 and \$16,733,750, respectively, with an interest rate of 8.50% and 8.50%, respectively. The remainder of the delayed draw term loan will be used solely to finance or refinance the purchase price of, and to pay fees, costs and expenses in connection with permitted acquisitions.

The agreement matures on December 17, 2024. The loans bear an interest rate set at LIBOR plus an applicable margin. The effective interest rate was 8.50% and 8.50% as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The Company's credit agreements are collateralized by substantially all of the Company's assets. The credit agreements contain certain covenants that require the maintenance of certain financial and non-financial measures commencing in 2020. The financial covenants include a fixed charge coverage ratio and a total net leverage. The Company is in compliance with financial covenants as of December 31, 2022.

Maturity of long-term debt for the years subsequent to December 31, 2022 is as follows:

2023	\$ 1,067,875
2024	40,517,305
Total	\$ 41,585,180

Note 9 - Members' equity

Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Company's Operating Agreement (the "Agreement") of the Company, members' equity consists of Class A Preferred Units and Class P Units (non-voting units). The holders of Class A preferred units ("the "Class A Members") are entitled to one vote for each unit held and shall have the rights with respect to the profits and losses of the Company and distributions from the Company as are set forth herein. The number of Class A units of each Class A Member as of any given time may be updated from time to time by the authorized officers of the Company in accordance with the Agreement.

Class A preferred units have a preferential right to return of capital and a preferred return of 10% per year, compounded quarterly, following which Class P units participate in profits and distributions at varying levels based on the Company's entity value. The aggregate liquidation preference for Class A Preferred Units was \$54,999,253 and \$39,022,986 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company issued 3,579,289 Class A Preferred Units to current unit holders for \$11,668,483, net of direct equity issuance costs of \$22,500.

During the period December 31, 2021, the Company issued 780,050 Class A Preferred Units to current unit holders for \$1,092,071, net of direct equity issuance costs of \$11,195.

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company granted 804,594 and 504,868 Class P units to employees of the Company, respectively. The Company estimated the fair value of each award on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The expected volatility of the profit units was based on the historical volatilities of comparable companies as determined by management. The risk-free interest rate assumption is based upon observed interest rates appropriate for the expected term of the Company's profit-sharing units. The dividend yield assumption is based on the Company's intent not to issue a dividend under its dividend policy. The expected term is based on ASC 718. The assumptions used for grants include a risk-free rate of 1.11% and 0.36% volatility of 64% and 61%, a zero dividend yield, and an expected life of four years and five years for all units granted for 2022 and 2021, respectively.

At December 31, 2022, members' equity includes:

Class	Units authorized and issued	Units vested and outstanding	Amount
Class A preferred	35,879,300	35,872,398	\$ 43,666,697
Class P	2,137,897	704,930	164,498
Additional paid in capital	-	-	61,261
Accrumulated deficiency		<u>-</u>	(15,285,950)
	38,017,197	36,577,328	\$ 28,606,506

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company recognized \$103,218 and \$69,203, respectively, of compensation expense related to employee profit sharing units. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, unvested equity compensation was \$325,910 and \$252,597, respectively.

A summary of the status of the non-vested profit-sharing units granted to employees for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is presented below.

	Balance as of a	January 1, 2022		Granted		Vested	Forfeited	Balance as o	f December 31	, 2022
	Units	Weighted average grant date fair value	Units	averag	ghted ge grant air value	Units	Units	Units	Weighted a	U
Class Punits	841,586	0.30	804,594	\$	0.37	213,213	403,894	1,029,073	\$	0.35
	Balance as of .	January 1, 2021		Granted		Vested	Forfeited	Balance as o	f December 31	, 2021
		Weighted		Wei	ghted					
		average grant		averaç	ge grant				Weighted a	verage
	Units	date fair value	Units	date fa	ir value	Units	Units	Units	grant date fa	air value
Class Punits	448,958	\$ 0.27	504,868	\$	0.30	112,240	-	841,586	\$	0.29

Note 10 - Operating leases

The Company leases its corporate offices under operating leases that have various expiration dates. All contracts that implicitly or explicitly involve property, plant and equipment are evaluated to determine whether they are or contain a lease. Leases of office locations have lease terms that generally range from four to six years. Rental payments on these leases typically provide for fixed minimum payments that increase over the lease term at predetermined amounts.

At lease commencement, the Company recognizes a lease liability, which is measured at the present value of future minimum lease payments, and a corresponding right-of-use asset equal to the lease liability, adjusted for any prepaid lease costs, initial direct costs and lease incentives. The Company has elected and applies the practical expedient to combine non-lease components with their related lease components and account for them as a single combined lease component for all its leases. The Company remeasures lease liabilities and related right-of-use assets whenever there is a change to the lease term and/or there is a change in the amount of future lease payments, but only when such changes do not qualify to be accounted for as a separate contract.

The Company determines an appropriate discount rate to apply when determining the present value of the remaining lease payments for purposes of measuring or remeasuring lease liabilities. As the rate implicit in the lease is generally not readily determinable, the Company has elected to use risk-free rates as the discount rates for all its leases. The Company uses rates on US government securities for periods comparable with lease terms as risk-free rates.

For accounting purposes, the Company's leases commence on the earlier of (i) the date upon which the Company obtains control of the underlying asset and (ii) the contractual effective date of a lease. Lease commencement for most of the Company's leases coincides with the contractual effective date. The Company's leases generally have minimum base terms with renewal options or fixed terms with early termination options. Such renewal and early termination options are exercisable at the option of the Company and, when exercised, usually provide for rental payments during the extension period at then current market rates or at pre-determined rental amounts. Unless the Company determines that it is reasonably certain that the term of a lease will be extended, such as through the exercise of a renewal option or non-exercise of an early termination option, the term of a lease begins at lease commencement and spans for the duration of the minimum non-cancellable contractual term. When the exercise of a renewal option or non-exercise of early termination option is reasonably certain, the lease term is measured as ending at the end of the renewal period or on the date an early termination may be exercised.

The following provides information about the Company's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for its operating leases as of December 31, 2022:

Balance Sheet Classification		Dec	December 31, 2022		
Right-of-use assets Operating leases			373,754		
Total leased assets		\$	373,754		
Lease liabilities Current operating leases	Operating lease liabilities	\$	97,981		
Noncurrent operating leases	Liabilities, net of current portion		298,825		
Total lease liabilities		\$	396,806		

Total rent expense for operating leases was \$148,437 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Weighted Average remaining lease term and weighted average discount rate for the Company's leases as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	Operating	
	leases	
Weighted average remaining term (in years)	4.6	
Weighted average discount rate (1)	1.13%	

(1) The Company has elected to use the risk-free rate as the discount rate for its leases. The Company uses rates on US government securities for periods comparable with lease terms as risk-free rates.

All of the Company's leases are considered operating leases. Future minimum rental payments on the Company's operating leases as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

2023	\$ 102,841
2024	116,942
2025	119,546
2026	67,827
Thereafter	-
Total lease payments Less: interest on lease liabilities	407,156 (10,350)
Total lease liability	396,806
Less: current portion of the total lease liability	(97,981)
Noncurrent potion of the total lease liability	\$ 298,825

Note 11 - Income taxes

Although the Company operates as a LLC one of the Company's acquired subsidiary, PrepFe, Inc., operates as a corporation. The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method, which requires deferred tax assets and liabilities to be recognized for the estimated future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and their respective tax basis, as well as for operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the year in which the temporary differences are expected to be reversed. Changes to enacted tax rates would result in either increases or decreases in the provision for income taxes in the period of changes.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various states. The components of the provision for income taxes for the period from September 12, 2022 (PrepFe, Inc. acquisition) through December 31, 2022 consists of the following:

	2022	
Current tax expense:		
Federal	\$	4,381
State		2,023
Total current tax expense		6,404
Deferred tax expense Federal		(8,806)
State		(4,066)
Total deferred tax expense		(12,872)
Total income tax benefit	\$	(6,468)

Deferred income tax reflects the net effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting and tax purposes. Significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities at December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	2022	
Deferred tax assets	\$	
Deferred tax liabilities Goodwill	\$	(197,005)
Total deferred tax liabilities		(197,005)
Total deferred tax liabilities	\$	(197,005)

Note 12 - Contingencies

The Company, from time to time, may be involved with lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of the Company's management, any liability resulting from such litigation would not be material in relation to the Company's financial position and results of operations.

Note 13 - Employee benefit plan

The Company has a 401(k) Savings and Investment Plan (the "401(k) Plan"). Pursuant to the 401(k) Plan, the participants make contributions to the 401(k) Plan in varying amounts up to the maximum limits allowable under the Internal Revenue Code. There was a discretionary employer contribution of approximately \$99,500 and 89,400 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.



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