WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF REGULATION & LICENSING



Wisconsin Department of Regulation & Licensing Access to the Public Records of the Reports of Decisions

This Reports of Decisions document was retrieved from the Wisconsin Department of Regulation & Licensing website. These records are open to public view under Wisconsin's Open Records law, sections 19.31-19.39 Wisconsin Statutes.

Please read this agreement prior to viewing the Decision:

- The Reports of Decisions is designed to contain copies of all orders issued by credentialing authorities within the Department of Regulation and Licensing from November, 1998 to the present. In addition, many but not all orders for the time period between 1977 and November, 1998 are posted. Not all orders issued by a credentialing authority constitute a formal disciplinary action.
- Reports of Decisions contains information as it exists at a specific point in time in the
 Department of Regulation and Licensing data base. Because this data base changes
 constantly, the Department is not responsible for subsequent entries that update, correct or
 delete data. The Department is not responsible for notifying prior requesters of updates,
 modifications, corrections or deletions. All users have the responsibility to determine whether
 information obtained from this site is still accurate, current and complete.
- There may be discrepancies between the online copies and the original document. Original documents should be consulted as the definitive representation of the order's content. Copies of original orders may be obtained by mailing requests to the Department of Regulation and Licensing, PO Box 8935, Madison, WI 53708-8935. The Department charges copying fees. All requests must cite the case number, the date of the order, and respondent's name as it appears on the order.
- Reported decisions may have an appeal pending, and discipline may be stayed during the
 appeal. Information about the current status of a credential issued by the Department of
 Regulation and Licensing is shown on the Department's Web Site under "License Lookup."
 The status of an appeal may be found on court access websites at:
 http://ccap.courts.state.wi.us/InternetCourtAccess and http://www.courts.state.wi.us/licenses.
- Records not open to public inspection by statute are not contained on this website.

By viewing this document, you have read the above and agree to the use of the Reports of Decisions subject to the above terms, and that you understand the limitations of this on-line database.

Correcting information on the DRL website: An individual who believes that information on the website is inaccurate may contact the webmaster at web@drl.state.wi.gov

STATE OF WISCONSIN

BEFORE BOARD OF NURSING	
IN THE MATTER OF DISCIPLINARY	:
PROCEEDINGS AGAINST	: FINAL DECISION
	: AND ORDER
NANCY VOLK, R.N., LS0306051NUR	:
RESPONDENT.	:
	rd of Nursing, having considered the above-captioned rd and the Proposed Decision of the Administrative
	<u>ORDER</u>
	by ordered that the Proposed Decision annexed w Judge, shall be and hereby is made and ordered the sin, Board of Nursing.
file their affidavits of costs with the D	and Administrative Law Judge are hereby directed to Department General Counsel within 15 days of this Dunsel shall mail a copy thereof to respondent or his
	ed by this Decision to petition the department for review are set forth on the attached "Notice of
Dated this 3 rd day of October, 2003.	
Linda Sanner	

Chairperson

STATE OF WISCONSIN BEFORE THE BOARD OF NURSING

IN THE MATTER OF

DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS : PROPOSED FINAL DECISION

: AND ORDER

NANCY VOLK, R.N. : LS0306051NUR

RESPONDENT. :

The parties to this action for the purposes of s. 227.53 Stats., are:

Nancy Volk, R.N.

4905 Kappus Street

Eau Claire, WI 54701

Nancy Volk, R.N.

4707 E. McDowell Road, #1109

Phoenix, AZ 85008

James E. Polewski

Division of Enforcement

P. O. Box 8935

Department of Regulation & Licensing

Madison, WI 53708-8935

PROCEDURAL HISTORY

A hearing in the above-captioned matter was held on July 29, 2003, before Administrative Law Judge William A. Black. The Division of Enforcement appeared by Attorney James E. Polewski. The respondent did not appear and did not file an answer to the complaint. Based on the entire record of this case, the undersigned administrative law judge recommends that the Board of Nursing adopt as its final decision in this matter, the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. Nancy Joan Volk, R.N. was born on March 24, 1953, and is licensed to practice professional nursing in the state of Wisconsin pursuant to license number 30 62981, first granted on September 30, 1975.
- 2. On May 23, 1997, the Arizona State Board of Nursing revoked Respondent's Arizona license for failing to comply with the conditions of license probation ordered as a result of a prior disciplinary action.
- 3. On January 23, 2003, the Arizona State Board of Nursing again disciplined Respondent, denying her application for reinstatement of her Arizona license. The Arizona Board found that:
 - a. Respondent had failed to disclose the status of her Arizona license in an application for employment on or about October 10, 2001;
 - b. that while Respondent was working for that employer in Eau Claire, Wisconsin, she had been counseled for incident reports and staff complaints that included using prefilled glass syringes on a vascular access device, which is contraindicated; not following policy related to documentation on a patient's permanent record; failing to carry out written orders or signing off orders while on duty; failing to discontinue an IV when ordered, leaving it to infuse for an additional 8½ hours until it was discovered by the next shift; failing to report significant patient information regarding numerous patients; and that Respondent's explanation for these acts and omissions was that she was having a busy day.
 - c. that Respondent's contract for nursing services as a pool nurse at a Phoenix, Arizona hospital was cancelled on November 4, 2002, for clinical issues, including lack of assessment skills and failure to follow directions.
 - d. that while Respondent told the Arizona Board that she had been working as an RN Traveler at Federal Facilities from October 2001 through August 5, 2002, her then current employer had never assigned her to any Federal facility.
- 4. The disciplinary action taken against Respondent by the Arizona State Board of Nursing constitutes disciplinary action within the meaning of s. N 7.04(7), Wis. Admin. Code, and is grounds for disciplinary action against Respondent by the Wisconsin Board of Nursing.

The Wisconsin Board of Nursing has jurisdiction over this matter, pursuant to Wis. Stats, § 441.07.

The conduct described in the Findings of Fact constitutes unprofessional conduct within the meaning of Wis. Admin. Code § N 7.04.

ORDER

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the respondent's license for practice as a registered nurse in Wisconsin, number 62981, is REVOKED.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that costs of this proceeding shall be assessed against the respondent.

OPINION

Section RL 2.14 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code provides that a respondent who fails to answer a complaint or fails to appear at a hearing is in default. If found to be in default, the disciplinary authority may make findings and enter an order on the basis of the complaint and other evidence against the respondent. In this case, the respondent did not file an answer to the above-captioned complaint, nor did she appear at the scheduled hearing. As a result, the respondent is in

Section RL 2.14 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code provides that a respondent who fails to answer a complaint or fails to appear at a hearing is in default. If found to be in default, the disciplinary authority may make findings and enter an order on the basis of the complaint and other evidence against the respondent. In this case, the respondent did not file an answer to the above-captioned complaint, nor did she appear at the scheduled hearing. As a result, the respondent is in default. The attorney for the complainant moved for an order granting default at the hearing. That motion was granted. Evidence was received regarding the respondent's disciplinary history in Arizona. (Exh. 1) It has been requested that the discipline to be imposed be that of revocation. After review of the allegations forming the basis for discipline in this case, and the evidence received, that request is appropriate.

It is well established that the objectives of professional discipline include the following: (1) to promote the rehabilitation of the licensee; (2) to protect the public; and (3) to deter other licensees from engaging in similar conduct. *State v. Aldrich*, 71 Wis. 2d 206, 209 (1976). Punishment of the licensee is not an appropriate consideration. *State v. McIntyre*. 41 Wis. 2d 481, 485 (1969).

There is nothing in the record to suggest that imposing any discipline short of revocation would protect the public, have a rehabilitative effect on the respondent, or deter other licensees from engaging in similar conduct. The respondent has not come forward to show remorse, an explanation, or cooperation with the board in this matter. Revocation remains as the only way in which to safeguard the public.

<u>Costs</u>

Section 440.22(2), Stats., provides in relevant part as follows:

In any disciplinary proceeding against a holder of a credential in which the department or an examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board in the department orders suspension, limitation or revocation of the credential or reprimands the holder, the department, examining board, affiliated credentialing board or board may, in addition to imposing discipline, assess all or part of the costs of the proceeding against the holder. Costs assessed under this subsection are payable to the department.

The presence of the word "may" in the statute is a clear indication that the decision whether to assess the costs of this disciplinary proceeding against the respondent is a discretionary decision on the part of the Board of Nursing, and that the board's discretion extends to the decision whether to assess the full costs or only a portion of the costs. The ALJ's recommendation that the full costs of the proceeding be assessed is based primarily on fairness to other members of the profession.

The Department of Regulation and Licensing is a "program revenue" agency, which means that the costs of its operations are funded by the revenue received from its licensees. Moreover, licensing fees are calculated based upon costs attributable to the regulation of each of the licensed professions, and are proportionate to those costs. This budget structure means that the costs of prosecuting cases for a particular licensed profession will be borne by the licensed members of that profession. It is fundamentally unfair to impose the costs of prosecuting a few members of the profession on the vast majority of the licensees who have not engaged in misconduct. Rather, to the extent that misconduct by a licensee is found to have occurred following a full evidentiary hearing, that licensee should bear the costs of the proceeding.

Date: August 12, 2003

William Anderson Black Administrative Law Judge